

Version #: 04
 Issue date: 05-July-2022
 Revision date: 22-February-2024
 Supersedes date: 15-November-2023

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name or designation of the mixture ISOCYANATE - ISO COMPONENT A

Registration number -

Synonyms None.

Product code ISO-52

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Industrial use.

Uses advised against None known.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier Holcim Solutions and Products EMEA BV

Address Ikaroslaan 75
 1930 Zaventem, Belgium
 Gaco™ is a Holcim Solutions and Products US, LLC brand.

Website Gaco.com

Email gsds@gaco.com

Telephone number +32 2 711 44 50

1.4. Emergency telephone number

In case of accident with this product, contact your national emergency phone number, doctor, local hospital emergency services or contact:
 BIG: +32 (0)14 58 45 45

General in EU 112 (Available 24 hours a day. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)

National Poisons Control Centre 070 245 245 (Available 24 hours a day. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The mixture has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended

Health hazards

Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 4	H332 - Harmful if inhaled.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2	H315 - Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 1	H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin sensitisation	Category 1	H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Carcinogenicity	Category 2	H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation	H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

2.2. Label elements**Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended**

Contains: Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate, Diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate, Polymethylene polyphenylene isocyanate

Hazard pictograms**Signal word**

Danger

Hazard statements

H315 Causes skin irritation.
 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 H332 Harmful if inhaled.
 H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
 H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
 H373 May cause damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.

Precautionary statements**Prevention**

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
 P260 Do not breathe mist/vapours.
 P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
 P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
 P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor.

Storage

None.

Disposal

None.

Supplemental information on the label

None.

2.3. Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.
 The mixture does not contain any substances included in the list established in accordance with REACH Article 59(1) for having endocrine disrupting properties at a concentration equal to or greater than 0.1% by weight.
 The mixture does not contain any substances having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0.1% by weight.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**3.2. Mixtures****General information**

Chemical name	%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Index No.	Notes
Polymethylene polyphenylene isocyanate	40 - 60	9016-87-9	-	615-005-00-9	
Classification: Acute Tox. 4;H332;(ATE: 11 mg/l), Skin Irrit. 2;H315, Eye Irrit. 2;H319, Resp. Sens. 1;H334, Skin Sens. 1;H317, Carc. 2;H351, STOT SE 3;H335, STOT RE 2;H373					
Diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate	25 - 45	101-68-8 202-966-0	-	615-005-00-9	
Classification: Acute Tox. 4;H332;(ATE: 1,5 mg/l), Skin Irrit. 2;H315, Eye Irrit. 2;H319, Resp. Sens. 1;H334, Skin Sens. 1;H317, Carc. 2;H351, STOT SE 3;H335, STOT RE 2;H373					
					C

Chemical name	%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Index No.	Notes
Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate	1 - 5	5873-54-1 227-534-9	-	615-005-00-9	
Classification: Acute Tox. 4;H332;(ATE: 11 mg/l), Skin Irrit. 2;H315, Eye Irrit. 2;H319, Resp. Sens. 1;H334, Skin Sens. 1;H317, Carc. 2;H351, STOT SE 3;H335, STOT RE 2;H373					C
Specific Concentration Limits: Skin Irrit. 2;H315: C ≥ 5 %, Eye Irrit. 2;H319: C ≥ 5 %, Resp. Sens. 1;H334: C ≥ 0.1 %, STOT SE 3;H335: C ≥ 5 %					

Impurities

Chemical name	%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Index No.	Notes
Chlorobenzene	< 0,01	108-90-7 203-628-5	-	602-033-00-1	#
Phenyl isocyanate	< 0,01	103-71-9 203-137-6	-	-	

List of abbreviations and symbols that may be used above

ATE: Acute toxicity estimate.

#: This substance has been assigned Union workplace exposure limit(s).

Note C: Some organic substances may be marketed either in a specific isomeric form or as a mixture of several isomers. In this case the supplier must state on the label whether the substance is a specific isomer or a mixture of isomers.

Composition comments

Occupational Exposure Limits for impurities are listed in Section 8.
The full text for all H-statements is displayed in section 16.
All concentrations are in percent by weight unless otherwise indicated.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

General information

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: call a poison centre or doctor / physician.

Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Coughing. Difficulty in breathing. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

General fire hazards

No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Powder. Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed such as: Carbon oxides. Nitrogen Oxides (NO_x). Hydrogen cyanide.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Special fire fighting procedures

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist/vapours. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

For emergency responders Keep unnecessary personnel away. Avoid breathing mist/vapours. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8 of the SDS.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

The product is immiscible with water and will sediment in water systems.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labelled containers.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe mist/vapours. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Persons already sensitised to diisocyanates may develop allergic reactions when using this product. Avoid prolonged exposure. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see section 10 of the SDS).

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Industrial use. Observe industrial sector guidance on best practices.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Belgium. OEL. Exposure Limit Values to Chemical Substances at Work, Code of Well-being at work, Book VI, Title 1 - Chemical agents, as amended

Components	Type	Value
Diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate (CAS 101-68-8)	TWA	0,052 mg/m ³
		0,005 ppm
Impurities	Type	Value
Chlorobenzene (CAS 108-90-7)	STEL	70 mg/m ³
		15 ppm
	TWA	23 mg/m ³
		5 ppm
Phenyl isocyanate (CAS 103-71-9)	STEL	0,073 mg/m ³
		0,015 ppm
	TWA	0,024 mg/m ³
		0,005 ppm

EU. Indicative Exposure Limit Values in Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU

Impurities	Type	Value
Chlorobenzene (CAS 108-90-7)	STEL	70 mg/m ³
		15 ppm
	TWA	23 mg/m ³

Impurities	Type	Value
		5 ppm
Biological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).	
Recommended monitoring procedures	Follow standard monitoring procedures.	
Derived no effect levels (DNELs)	Not available.	
Predicted no effect concentrations (PNECs)	Not available.	
Exposure guidelines		
Belgium OELs: Skin designation		
Phenyl isocyanate (CAS 103-71-9)	Can be absorbed through the skin.	
8.2. Exposure controls		
Appropriate engineering controls	Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.	
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment		
General information	Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.	
Eye/face protection	Wear approved chemical safety goggles. Eye protection should meet standard EN 166.	
Skin protection		
- Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. (EN 374) Use disposable gloves protecting against isocyanates along with cotton gloves closest to the skin. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.	
- Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.	
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Chemical respirator with organic vapour cartridge. Use a positive-pressure air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection. Appropriate respirator selection should be made by a qualified professional.	
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.	
Hygiene measures	Observe any medical surveillance requirements. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.	
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. Fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment may be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Colour	Brown.
Odour	Musty, Slightly sweet.
Melting point/freezing point	Not determined.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	208 °C (406,4 °F)
Flammability	Combustible.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not determined.
Explosive limit – upper (%)	Not determined.

Flash point	198 °C (388,4 °F) Closed cup
Auto-ignition temperature	Not determined.
Decomposition temperature	Not determined.
pH	Not applicable as the product is insoluble in water.
Kinematic viscosity	Not determined.
Solubility	
Solubility (water)	Insoluble in water.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) (log value)	Not applicable, product is a mixture.
Vapour pressure	< 0,0001 mm Hg (25 °C (77 °F))
Density and/or relative density	
Density	10,279 lb/gal
Relative density	1,234 (25 °C (77 °F))
Vapour density	Not determined.
Particle characteristics	Not applicable, material is a liquid.

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes No relevant additional information available.

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Viscosity > 150 - < 250 mPa·s (25 °C (77 °F))

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. Diisocyanates react with many materials and the rate of reaction increases with temperature as well as increased contact; these reactions can become violent. Contact is increased with stirring or if the other material mixes with the diisocyanate. Diisocyanates are not soluble in water and sink to the bottom, but react slowly at the interface. The reaction forms carbon dioxide gas and a layer of solid polyurea. Reaction with water will generate carbon dioxide and heat.
10.2. Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use. Product will undergo hazardous polymerisation at temperatures above 399 °FF (204 °CC).
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Moisture. Humidity. Contact with incompatible materials.
10.5. Incompatible materials	Acids. Strong oxidising agents. Alkali metals. Alcohols. Phenols. Copper. Copper alloys. Galvanized metals. Water. Amines. Strong bases.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General information Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed. However, ingestion is not likely to be a primary route of occupational exposure.

Symptoms Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Coughing. Difficulty in breathing. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity Harmful if inhaled.

Components	Species	Test Results
Diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate (CAS 101-68-8)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 2,24 mg/l, 1 Hours

Components	Species	Test Results
Polymethylene polyphenylene isocyanate (CAS 9016-87-9)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 10000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
<i>Mist</i>		
LC50	Rat	> 490 mg/m3, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 10000 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Respiratory sensitisation	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.	
Skin sensitisation	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer.	
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate (CAS 5873-54-1)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
Diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate (CAS 101-68-8)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
Polymethylene polyphenylene isocyanate (CAS 9016-87-9)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
Reproductive toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.	
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Mixture versus substance information	No information available.	
11.2. Information on other hazards		
Endocrine disrupting properties	This mixture does not contain any substances having endocrine disrupting properties with respect to human health as assessed in accordance with the criteria set out in Regulations (EC) No 1907/2006, (EU) No 2017/2100 and (EU) 2018/605, at a concentration equal to or greater than 0.1% by weight.	
Other information	None known.	
SECTION 12: Ecological information		
12.1. Toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for hazardous to the aquatic environment.	
12.2. Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow)		
Diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate (CAS 101-68-8)	5,22	
Chlorobenzene (CAS 108-90-7)	2,84	
Phenyl isocyanate (CAS 103-71-9)	2,59	
Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	Not available.	
12.4. Mobility in soil	The product is insoluble in water.	
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.	
12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties	This mixture does not contain any substances having endocrine disrupting properties with respect to the environment as assessed in accordance with the criteria set out in Regulations (EC) No 1907/2006, (EU) No 2017/2100 and (EU) 2018/605, at a concentration equal to or greater than 0.1% by weight.	
12.7. Other adverse effects	No data available.	

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Residual waste	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner.
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
EU waste code	The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Disposal methods/information	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Special precautions	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR

14.1. UN number	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	Not assigned.
Subsidiary risk	-
Hazard No. (ADR)	Not assigned.
Tunnel restriction code	Not assigned.
14.4. Packing group	-
14.5. Environmental hazards	No.
14.6. Special precautions for user	Not assigned.

RID

14.1. UN number	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	Not assigned.
Subsidiary risk	-
14.4. Packing group	-
14.5. Environmental hazards	No.
14.6. Special precautions for user	Not assigned.

ADN

14.1. UN number	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	Not assigned.
Subsidiary risk	-
14.4. Packing group	-
14.5. Environmental hazards	No.
14.6. Special precautions for user	Not assigned.

IATA

14.1. UN number	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	Not assigned.
Subsidiary risk	-
14.4. Packing group	-
14.5. Environmental hazards	No.
14.6. Special precautions for user	Not assigned.

IMDG

14.1. UN number	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Not regulated as dangerous goods.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class Not assigned.

Subsidiary risk -

14.4. Packing group -

14.5. Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant No.

EmS Not assigned.

14.6. Special precautions for user Not assigned.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments Not established.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulations

Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex I and II, as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 On persistent organic pollutants (recast), as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 1 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 2 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 3 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 Annex II Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry, as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Article 59(10) Candidate List as currently published by ECHA

Not listed.

Authorisations

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XIV Substances subject to authorization, as amended

Not listed.

Restrictions on use

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use, as amended
- Conditions of restriction given for the associated entry number should be considered

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate (CAS 5873-54-1) 56

Diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate (CAS 101-68-8) 56

Directive 2004/37/EC: on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens and mutagens at work, as amended.

Not listed.

Regulation 2019/1148 on Marketing and Use of Explosive Precursors, Annex I, as amended

Not listed.

Regulation 2019/1148 on Marketing and Use of Explosive Precursors, Annex II, as amended

Not listed.

Other regulations

The product is classified and labelled in accordance with Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP Regulation) as amended. This Safety Data Sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended.

National regulations

According to Directive 92/85/EEC as amended, pregnant women should not work with the product, if there is the least risk of exposure.

Young people under 18 years old are not allowed to work with this product according to EU Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work, as amended. Follow national regulation for work with chemical agents in accordance with Directive 98/24/EC, as amended.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

List of abbreviations

ADN: European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

CAS: Chemical Abstract Service.

CEN: European Committee for Standardization.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

IMO: International Maritime Organization.

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic.

RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

STEL: Short term exposure limit.

TWA: Time Weighted Average.

vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative.

References

ECHA: European Chemical Agency.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

NLM: Hazardous Substances Data Base

Information on evaluation method leading to the classification of mixture

The classification for health and environmental hazards is derived by a combination of calculation methods and test data, if available.

Full text of any statements, which are not written out in full under sections 2 to 15

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Training information

Follow training instructions when handling this material.

Disclaimer

Holcim Solutions and Products EMEA BV cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.